

Bangor's Greatest Clothing  
I GRADE UP-TO-DATE  
While our sales have been  
sizes are still intact.

e most favorable cir-  
open we will not importune

ts, worth \$10, now \$6.75  
ts, worth \$18, now \$11.75  
worth \$12.50, now \$7.65  
worth \$4.00, now \$2.50  
... \$10.75

VERY MANY bargains we have  
VENESS, characteristics always

One Price Clothier,  
3, 165 Exchange St.,  
Bangor, Me.

Business Suitings

figure. \$35 Suits at \$30;  
suits at \$20. A first-class  
call and see them.

The Tailor,  
t, Bangor.

Eastern Trust &  
Banking Co.

Bangor, Me.

APITAL - \$171,900

URPLUS AND PROFITS \$150,000

Transacts a general Trust  
and Banking business. Loans  
money on Real Estate and ap-  
proved collaterals. Acts as  
Trustee for individuals or cor-  
porations.

Interest paid on Time De-  
posits subject to same regula-  
tions as Savings Banks.

Deposit Boxes to rent.

A COMMON MISTAKE

is the one made by many people who  
think that NORWEGIAN

Cod Liver Oil

The fat obtained from the Livers  
of Cod Fish caught on the Banks  
of Norway is only for those who are  
NEARLY DEAD WITH

CONSUMPTION

It is a Natural Tissue Builder,  
Strengthens the Flesh Producer and

Food For Every One

Ours is of the finest quality. New,  
Sweet and Palatable, freshly bottled  
from our Imported Barrel.

Pint Bottles, 50 Cents.

Buckley & Preble,  
Pharmacists,  
27 Hammond St., Bangor, Me.

106th Annual Statement

The Insurance Co. of the  
State of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, Penn.

ASSETS, DEC. 31, 1899.

Real Estate	\$349,019.57
Mortgage Loans	41,300.00
Unpaid Premiums	171,755.00
Stocks and Bonds	57,445.17
Cash in Office and Bank	1,963.25
Receivables	27,925.57
Agents' Balances	4,052.30
Interest and Rents	35,520.00
Unpaid Premiums	16,241.22
ALL Other Assets	7,003,201.94

LIABILITIES, DEC. 31, 1899.

Net Unpaid Losses	\$23,970.00
Unpaid Premiums	966,312.72
Unpaid Other Liabilities	61,434.09
Total	\$1,051,716.81
Cash Capital	200,000.00
Surplus over all Liabilities	\$1,478.12
Total Liabilities & Surplus	\$1,051,716.81

W. W. PALMER, Agent

Bangor, Maine.

Tea White's  
Bangor Blend Tea

Will suit more people than any  
Tea in Bangor.

Strongest and Best Flavor

50c a Pound

Packed in 1-lb. tins

and for sale only

TEA

## HAS TAKEN NO ACTION.

GOVERNOR TAYLOR MAY NOT ACCEPT LOUIS-  
VILLE AGREEMENT AS IT STANDS.

## DESIRES MORE SPECIFIC PROMISES.

FUNERAL SERVICES HELD OVER THE BODY OF  
WILLIAM GOEBEL.

Ten Thousand People Watched the Ceremonies—Democrats  
Discuss Delay of Governor Taylor—The  
Kentucky Situation.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 8. Unless some  
action regarding the Louisville agree-  
ment is taken by Governor Taylor to-  
morrow or next day, or some word sent  
to them concerning his intentions, the  
Democrats will conclude that he does  
not intend to take any action and will  
organize their state government at  
Louisville. A conference was held here  
this evening at which Gov. Beckham,  
Senator Blackburn, S. J. Shackelford  
and John K. Kendrick were present.  
The delay of Governor Taylor in de-  
claring himself regarding the Louis-  
ville agreement was discussed at length  
and it was agreed by all present that  
the Democrats had waited long enough.  
One day more will be allowed for some  
intimation from Governor Taylor.

Governor Taylor announced tonight  
that he had taken no action regarding  
the agreement and that there was no  
possible chance of his doing so before  
tomorrow. He would not say whether  
he would take any action tomorrow or  
not. It is practically decided that the  
agreement will not be accepted by  
Governor Taylor as it stands. He de-  
sires more specific promises regarding  
the repeal of the Goebel law and a de-  
cision in the gubernatorial contest by  
a separate vote of the two legislative  
houses. To this latter the Democrats  
say they will not agree. They claim  
that no mention was made of a repeal  
of the law in the Louisville conference.  
Not a Democratic member of the leg-  
islature was here today to attend the  
funeral and tonight Governor Beck-  
ham, Gen. Chalmers and other Demo-  
cratic leaders returned to Louisville.  
The report that orders had been issued  
to arrest members of the legislature  
who might come to town today was de-  
nied by Governor Taylor.

The application for a permanent in-  
junction restraining Governor Taylor  
from interfering with the sessions of  
the legislature at Frankfort and from  
convening at Georgetown was not heard  
today at Georgetown. The matter  
went over until tomorrow.

THE GOEBEL FUNERAL.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 8. Rain came

Statement of United States Branch

of the

Lancashire Ins. Co.

OF MANCHESTER, ENG

ASSETS DEC. 31, 1899.

Real Estate	\$ 335,585.72
Stocks and Bonds	1,615,250.75
Cash in office and Bank	45,441.92
Unpaid Premiums	214,518.42

Admitted Assets in U. S. \$2,260,766.81

LIABILITIES DEC. 31, 1899.

Unpaid Losses	\$ 238,544.47
Unpaid Premiums	1,363,065.19
All other liabilities	5,000.00

Total, in U. S. \$1,646,099.66

Surplus over all liabilities. \$141,157.15

Total liabilities and surplus \$2,260,766.81

Blake, Earrows & Brown, Agents,

9 Central St., Bangor, Me.

Six

Hall

Lamps.

We have just six old

ones—every other hall

lamp in our stock is new

and fresh.

We've marked these six

old ones at

Less Than Half.

Prices now are

85c, \$1.00, 1.40, 1.75.

The frames are brass

and the glass crystal

etched patterns.

Various shapes.

P. H. VOSE & CO.,

59 Main Street.

"Walk in and Look Around"

TEA

by Mrs. Jessie Caldwell, Rev. Gilbert  
Schmitt delivered an address in Ger-  
man. He was followed by Rev. E. C.  
Mann in a short address. Elder Wm.  
Stanley then paid an eloquent tribute  
to the assassination, speaking of the  
"chance" and "mistake" in the  
hears of all that the leader of a people  
whose proud boast it was that they  
never feared a foe or failed to defend a  
friend, should fall at the hands of an  
assassin.

Senator Joe Blackburn was then in-  
vited. He was compelled to stand  
on a table so that the throng might  
see him.  
As the stentorian voice of Senator  
Blackburn rang out in denunciation of  
the shooting of Governor Goebel and  
as he stated that "it was not the work  
of a traitor or a coward assassin," the  
murder of "No" and "That's right" came  
from the crowd, while tears stood in  
the eyes of many grim-faced men.  
Governor Beckham was next introduced  
to make the closing address. He said:  
"The bleeding heart of Kentucky is  
here today to pay its tribute of love  
to the hero of its most distinguished  
statesman. Never before in the history  
of the state has a sadder blow been  
dealt its people and never again I fear,  
will we have another leader like the  
brave, gallant and intrepid Wm. Goebel.  
By reason of his loyalty to the  
cause of the common people and his  
devotion to these principles that were for  
their interest, and by reason of his  
dispassionate ability in advancing these  
principles, he lies here today, the vic-  
tim of corporate greed.

But, my friends, that chief charac-  
teristic of his life, which I would  
especially direct your attention,  
was his love for the people. To the law,  
throughout all his career, he has al-  
ways adhered with the limits of the law  
and throughout this late and tragic  
contest he had on all occasions urged  
the cause of the common people and his  
devotion to these principles that were for  
their interest, and by reason of his  
dispassionate ability in advancing these  
principles, he lies here today, the vic-  
tim of corporate greed.  
I believe that the highest testimony  
of my friendship and love for him will  
be shown by me in the effort to carry  
out those principles that he advocated  
and to bring about once again peace  
and prosperity in this state, and I  
promise to the people of Kentucky to-  
day that with their guidance and with  
their support, I shall consecrate every  
effort of my body and mind to the  
earnest and sincere effort to bring about  
this result.

Rev. John Wallace of the state pen-  
itentiary, then pronounced the bene-  
diction. As he finished, the quartette  
sang "America" and the body was tak-  
ing within the chapel. Guarded by a  
strong force of cavalry, the body was  
carried to the cemetery where it will  
remain until the grave, prepared for it  
and buried.

THE WEATHER.

Bath and High Winds Predicted For

Friday—Colder at Night With

Snow—Fair and Colder

Saturday.

Washington, Feb. 8. Forecast for

Friday and Saturday: For Maine—

Rain Friday with high easterly winds;

decidedly colder with snow flurries Fri-

day night, fair and colder Saturday.

BOSTON FORECAST.

Boston, Feb. 8. Local forecast:

Rain, probably changing to snow Sun-

day, clearing Friday evening or night,

with much lower temperature. Fair

and colder Saturday; high, easily

shifting to westerly by Satur-

day.

GENERAL FORECAST.

Washington, Feb. 8. The cold wave

has extended over the upper lake re-

gion and the lower Ohio and lower

Mississippi valleys, where the tempera-

ture has fallen 30 to 40 degrees since

Wednesday night. In the Atlantic

coast states and from the Rocky moun-

tains to the Pacific coast the tempera-

ture has risen.

During Friday and Friday night the

cold wave will cover the Atlantic coast

district, preceded by rain and attended

by clearing weather with probably snow

flurries in the middle and north At-

lantic states.

Saturday will be fair and cold in the

Atlantic coast states, after which the

temperature will begin to moderate.

Along the north Atlantic coast high

speedy winds will shift to northwest-

erly late Sunday.

Storm signals are displayed along the

Atlantic and Gulf coasts and cold wave

signals are displayed generally east of

the Mississippi except in northern New

England and in the west Gulf states.

ALL TRACES NOW GONE.

St. Johns, N. F., Feb. 8. The Ger-

man conical was notified today of the

disappearance of the last vestige of

## ALLEN CONCLUDES.

HE FINISHES HIS DISCUSSION OF  
FINANCIAL MEASURE.

ANALYSIS BY MR. COCKRELL.

REPORTS ON PUERTO RICAN TAR-  
IFF BILL IN HOUSE.

Debate Will Begin on Thursday—Sen-  
ate Ratifies Peruvian and Mexican  
Treaties.

Washington, Feb. 8. Almost imme-  
diately after the Senate convened today  
discussion of the financial measure was  
resumed.

Mr. Allen (Neb.) concluded his  
speech, charging the Republican party  
with breaking faith with the people re-  
garding bimetalism and systematically  
discrediting the work of the interna-  
tional bimetallic commission. Mr.  
Cockrell (Mo.) also spoke on the finan-  
cial bill, making a technical analysis  
of the House and Senate measures. He  
charged that the Senate substitute con-  
tained the initial movement toward the  
perpetuation of the national debt.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL.

In the Senate today Mr. Allen (Neb.)  
resumed his speech on the financial  
bill which he began yesterday.

Recurring to his discussion of the  
position of the Republican on bimetal-  
lism, he said that notwithstanding the  
promises made by that party and the  
fact that it had a majority in both  
branches of Congress, it had not done  
by legislation or otherwise one thing  
to restore silver to its former position  
as standard money in the closing  
hours of the century a great political  
party had been guilty by false pretences  
and gross fraud of obtaining the votes  
of the people.

He declared that while the bimetal-  
lic commission sent abroad and acted  
in good faith, he had no doubt that its  
efforts were systematically discredited  
by the Administration at home.  
Mr. Cockrell (Mo.) addressed the  
Senate in opposition to the pending  
bill passed by the House and then the  
Senate substitute presented by the  
Finance committee. Referring to the  
proposition in the House bill to fix the  
standard in gold he declared: "Such  
an unequal and unjust regulation of  
executive obligations has not been pro-  
posed in the history of the country."

It was in plain violation of the Con-  
stitution which provides that each  
state shall make gold and silver coin  
as legal tender, not gold or silver coin  
alone. He challenged anybody to say how  
the bill would benefit the great produc-  
ing classes, although, he said, it was  
easy to realize that it was sure it would  
be largely beneficial to the holders of  
accumulated wealth. In discussing the  
Senate substitute Mr. Cockrell asserted  
that the least tender quality of the  
standard silver dollar was taken away  
absolutely as to treasury notes and the  
greenbacks its legal tender quality  
was nullified absolutely. Smiling and  
addressing Senators Aldrich and Allison  
Mr. Cockrell shook his head at that.

Mr. Cockrell, discussing the methods  
provided in the substitute for maintain-  
ing the gold reserve and the parity of  
various moneys issued by the United  
States, asked if it was possible that a  
Republican executive would permit a  
gold standard secretary of the treasury  
to go into the market and buy gold  
with United States notes at such price  
as he might deem in the circumstances  
proper? That, he declared, was an auc-  
tion sale of United States property.  
He then called the United States power  
vested in the secretary of the treasury  
to issue bonds of the United States in  
order to maintain the gold reserve or  
the parity of the several kinds of mon-  
etary instruments for the purpose of  
the national debt. For the United States  
to go into the market and buy gold  
with a debt of more than a billion of  
dollars with no option of extinguish-  
ing that debt at the end of the 30 years'  
period of paying the debt.

In conclusion Mr. Cockrell declared  
there was no justification or extenua-  
tion for such a proceeding and that it  
simply placed the financial affairs of  
the country in the hands of the banks.  
The Senate at 4:10 P. M. went into  
executive session and at 4:50 ad-  
journed.

TWO TREATIES RATIFIED.

Washington, Feb. 8. The Senate in  
executive session today ratified the ex-  
tradition treaty with Peru and the  
Mexican boundary treaty. Both were  
ratified without division. The Senate  
also ordered printed a number of old  
documents bearing on the Clayton-Bul-  
wer treaty.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Washington, Feb. 8. The House was  
in session only an hour and a half to-  
day and only minor business was trans-  
acted. The ways and means committee  
bill establishing tariff rates upon goods  
from Puerto Rico into the United States  
and vice versa, was reported, and Chair-  
man Payne gave notice that the bill  
would be called up next Thursday. The  
debate upon it will run for a week. The  
House did not adjourn over on account  
of the Lawson funeral, and tomorrow  
will be given up to the consideration  
of private bills.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL.

At the opening of the House today  
Mr. Payne, chairman of the committee  
on ways and means presented the re-  
port upon the Puerto Rican tariff bill.  
Mr. Richardson (Tenn.) presented the

(Continued on Third Page.)

No Gripes, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the in-

testines, but gentle, thorough,

healthful cleansing when you take

Hood's Pills

Made by an American, at

Lowell, Mass.

As a result

of a conference between E. L. White

and the employees of the American Hide

and Leather Company, a temporary

strike of 50 men temporarily discharged

last Monday will go to work tomorrow

morning. The wage question was not

settled and another conference has been

appointed for Thursday, when the mat-

ter will probably be submitted to arbi-

tration.

SIXTY MEN WILL RETURN TO

WORK.

## MILLER IN NEW YORK.

Head of "Franklin Syndicate" Ar-  
rives in Custody from Canada.

Had Euded Capture Since Novem-  
ber—Was Found by Capt. Rey-  
nolds, but Was Not Arrested Till  
Reaching New York—Is Now in  
Jail.

New York, Feb. 8. William F. Mil-  
ler, the head of the notorious "Frank-  
lin Syndicate" in Brooklyn, which  
promised to pay and did pay to many  
persons 500 per cent on investments,  
and who fled when the news reached  
him of his indictment for grand larceny  
and conspiracy by the King's county  
grand jury, was today brought back to  
this city. He had eluded capture since  
November last. He was in the custody  
of Capt. Reynolds, formerly of the  
Brooklyn detective bureau, who lost  
his place through his failure to pre-  
vent Miller from leaving the city. Mil-  
ler was arrested in Canada on chus  
picked up a few days ago. Capt. Rey-  
nolds and his prisoner arrived from  
Canada at half past two o'clock today  
and at once went to police headquarters  
where Miller was introduced to Chief  
of Police Devery. Miller was in good  
humor. He did not seem at all dis-  
turbed by being in the hands of the po-

GEN. LORD METHUEN AT MAGERSFONTEIN.



Lord Methuen, Who Was Wounded at Modder River, Directed the Bat-  
tle From a Cart.

lice, or in the slightest fear as to the

future.

"Where have you been, Miller?" asked

Chief Devery.

"Chief, if you don't mind, I'll not  
say anything about that until I have  
consulted counsel," said Miller, calmly.

Chief Devery was very much inter-  
ested in something of Miller's doings since  
he left the city, but Miller declined to  
say a word in that direction.  
After being measured according to the  
Bertillon system, and photographed for  
the rogues' gallery, Miller was taken



## ABOUT THE CITY.

A DAY'S HAPPENINGS WRITTEN UP BY THE WHIG MAN.

## INTERESTING LOCAL CHAPTER.

SHORT STORIES OF WHAT'S TAKING PLACE EACH DAY.

What the People Say and Do And How They Do and Say It in Various Localities.

Dr. W. H. H. Briggs was called to Millinocket on Thursday afternoon.

Mr. T. R. Savage will arrive home today from a business trip in Boston and New York.

Company G will hold its regular drill at the armory on Court street on Friday evening, beginning at 7.45.

Messrs. J. H. Webster, of Orono, and his brother, Frank Webster, of Ashland, left Thursday morning for Arkansas Hot Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry A. Chapman will entertain a party of friends at their comfortable camp at Green lake on Friday and Saturday.

Dolly Madison council, D. of L., will hold their regular monthly meeting this evening in Red Men's hall. A large attendance is desired.

There will be a meeting of the directors of the Eastern Maine General hospital in the committee room of the City Hall this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The funeral of Herbert J. Sprague will occur today at 2 o'clock from his late residence at 331 Union street, Bangor. Friends are invited to be present.

At the social given on Friday night for the adult members of Hammond street parish and Sabbath school supper will be served promptly at 7 o'clock to be followed by an entertainment.

The Hon. Louis C. Southard, of Boston, will give his first lecture on Medical Jurisprudence before the School of Law on Friday morning, Feb. 9th, at ten o'clock. All persons interested are invited to be present.

The grand jury was in session all day Thursday at the court house, though of course nothing of the deliberations of that august body are allowed to be known. The outlook is that the grand jury will not finish its labors until the middle of next week.

Frank M. Jordan of the Bangor Exchange and Dr. F. A. Bickford returned Thursday from a few days fishing trip at Deer Island, Moosehead lake. They brought back a handsome string of speckled beauties as examples of their skill as anglers.

This evening at the Grand Central alleys a match will be rolled by three teams in the duck pin league. Much interest has been awakened in bowling during the past week and the alleys are beginning to assume their oldtime busy appearance. Many "fans" are in attendance nightly.

The funeral of the late Myra Elizabeth Finson was held in Keduskeag Thursday in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives. Rev. J. M. Frost, of this city, officiated and the music was by the Apollo quartet. Abel Hunt had charge of the arrangements.

In the municipal court on Thursday Timothy Growley and James Michael were fined \$3 and costs for drunkenness and John McDougall was sentenced to thirty days in the county jail for the same offense. David Rice appeared before the court charged with assault and battery on Frank A. Page and was sentenced to pay the costs, which amounted to \$7.71.

At the Columbia street Baptist church this evening there will be an illustrated temperance lecture by Mr. House of Boston. Mr. House is known to be a most interesting speaker and he doubtless will be listened to by a large audience. In connection with his remarks he uses about seventy stereoscopic views. In addition to the lecture the double quartet of the Pine street church will join with the double quartet of the Columbia street church and the singing by the organization will doubtless be a most pleasing feature of the evening's entertainment.

Through the efforts of W. B. Twombly and Dr. J. E. Cook it is almost a certainty that a telephone line will be continued from Burnham to Unity village. While in Portland recently Dr. Cook called on the management of the New England Telegraph and Telephone Co. and conferred with them as to the possibility of having such a line. The company agreed to put in a line providing the citizens of Unity would subscribe \$150 toward the construction, which was readily subscribed. It is expected that if the line is put in it will run to Brooks, with a branch line to Freedom.

Silas T. Floyd died at his late home in Wintthrop Court Tuesday at the age of 9 years. Mr. Floyd was born in New Sharon. He was a selectman for two years and representative one year. He was a successful farmer and prominent in the dairy business. He married Margaret, daughter of Ebenezer Chandler, one of the early settlers of Wintthrop.

and a soldier of the War of 1812. Besides his wife he leaves two children, Mrs. Ada M. Smith, of Wintthrop, and Mr. Enos T. Floyd, of California. He was well known in Bangor.

John Williams, of Brooklyn, formerly of Bangor, died in the former city on Thursday morning; Mrs. Michael Coyne of 31 Otis street, Bangor, has received news of the event by wire from Nellie C. Coffey, of Brooklyn. Mr. Williams' relative. Mr. Williams' death was sudden, occurring at 4 o'clock Thursday morning. The body will be brought to Bangor for burial. He was formerly employed here as a tailor and was known as a clever workman and a man of integrity. Numerous acquaintances in and about Bangor will be sorry to hear of his death.

Not a single Bangor &amp; Arrowscroft train has passed through Foxcroft since Monday morning and the mails between Foxcroft, Bangorville, Guilford and Monson have been carried by stage. It is not so much the large amount of snow on the tracks as the ice on the rails that causes most of the trouble. The Maine Central trains—though often late—have continued to run through the storm so that the Western mails have arrived quite regularly.

## THE HARMON WILL CASE.

It Has Made Quite a Stir in Washington County and Will Be Heard in Probate Court Again.

The old Harmon will case will not rest quietly. It occupied the attention of Judge Peters 14 days the last time he held court at Machias, and the jury supported the will and they called it settled, but some matters connected with the same refuse to be settled, says the Lewiston Journal.

At the October term of the S. J. court at Machias in the year 1897 a bill in equity was brought in a matter relating to said will and the case was heard by Judge Wiswell. The facts in substance were these: John F. Harmon had willed to his only son, Lorenzo D. Harmon of Machias, \$25,000, and thinking that there might be some uncertainty about it, made a deed of the same in trust for his son's benefit.

George F. Cary and Deola C. Getchell were appointed trustees. While the will was being contested these trustees sent to Lorenzo D. Harmon a copy of the trust deed, with a statement of bonds and other securities so deeded, and stated in substance that they were willing to give him monthly the entire income of said trust property. Upon these assurances Lorenzo withdrew his name as one of the contestants of his father's will and thereby aided in sustaining it in court.

The will being approved, Lorenzo claims that he found himself like the fly in the spider's web. He was the only son of the wealthiest citizen of Machias who died with an estate worth more than \$150,000, \$25,000 of which was set apart in trust for his sole benefit, but he claims that after that time he was not treated properly by the trustees; was obliged to live in an old dilapidated, leaky house, with neither clothing, furniture nor food suitable to his condition in life.

At the hearing the trustees, at the suggestion and dictation of Judge Wiswell, agreed to allow Lorenzo for himself and wife a better home, additional furniture to the amount of \$200, more suitable clothing, a better supply of food for his table and money for other necessities and comforts of life. This has been continued for the past two years and even now the trustees, it is claimed, have failed to use the income of the \$25,000 for the benefit of Lorenzo.

Now a new scheme is on foot. Trustees Cary and Getchell and Lorenzo's wife, a sister of Lorenzo's and a residuary legatee of Lorenzo's \$25,000, have petitioned the probate court of Washington county for a guardian to be appointed for Lorenzo, alleging that he is of unsound mind and incapable of managing his own affairs.

This may be true, but Lorenzo Harmon is apparently as well in mind and body as he has been for a dozen years. His father, though feeble, took care of him in his lifetime and the trustees were substituted in his father's place and accepted the trust. It is understood that if the prayer of the petition is granted by the probate court, an application will be made to the S. J. court to dismise the trustees, on the ground that double supervision is not necessary.

The whole case will be heard before Judge Gardner at the next session of the probate court to be held at Machias next Tuesday, Feb. 13th. Lorenzo has employed Judge Rounds and R. J. McGarrigle, Esq., of Calais, and A. D. McFaul, Esq., of Machias, to appear in his behalf, and intends to make a lively defense.

The case arouses a great deal of public excitement and is being watched with the deepest interest by all, especially by those acquainted with the proceedings of this remarkable case in the past. Doubtless it will find its way in some form into the S. J. court for a final settlement.

Lorenzo says "the trouble is not that he does not know how to take care of his money, but that the trustees won't give him what belongs to him to test his capacity." He states that if these proceedings mean his separation from his wife, the breaking up of his family, the sending of himself to an asylum and the turning of his wife out of doors without support, as is claimed by some, he will stand only when he has exhausted all the powers given him by the laws and courts of his state.

## THE ICE TRACK.

Race for To-day Postponed Until Next Tuesday.

Gilbert's ice track near the Niben club track entrance, was in fine shape Thursday and a large number of turnouts speeded back and forth upon the smooth, clear surface. It was great sport and every spectator by all the drivers. The race which was to have taken place this afternoon has been postponed to next Tuesday afternoon, as two of the horses from out of town which were entered could not get here in time.

## APPEARED WELL.

REV. SANDFORD AND HIS FOLLOWERS HOLD FORTH IN READING.

## WHAT PEOPLE DON'T FIND.

LONG HAIR, CRANKY LOOKING ENTHUSIASTS UPON PLATFORM.

Are Refused, Cultivated Looking Individuals and Their Meetings Are Interesting.

Of Rev. F. W. Sandford and his followers of Shiloh fame, who are now campaigning in and around Boston before taking a trip to Liverpool and later to Jerusalem, the Boston Journal of Feb. 8, says:

Those who came to Lyceum Hall in Reading last evening expecting to see a lot of long haired, cranky looking enthusiasts upon the platform, creatures who would furnish amusement by their singular antics and peculiar speech were disappointed.

The half a dozen men and women who occupied seats upon the small platform of the rather dingy looking hall, all followers of Mr. Sandford, were well dressed, refined, cultivated looking individuals. Their personal appearance, therefore was rather prepossessing.

Mr. Sandford is a man of good height and figure, whose features indicate common sense and good nature. He carefully trimmed light brown hair and beard, black Prince Albert coat and trousers cut in the latest fashion, suggest the business man rather than the preacher, despite his white cravat and high collar.

One of the sisters—such is Mr. Sandford's name for the women in his retinue—officiated at the piano upon the platform, and the meeting opened with singing by all present, led by Mr. Sandford. The hymns sung reminded the listener of the psalm sung in Methodist prayer meetings.

## AN ORATORICAL PLEADER.

Mr. Sandford is a good speaker, as well as a good singer. His voice is soft, insinuating, and yet effective. Although evidently not a practiced orator he uses all of the orator's arts.

He was the first speaker last evening, and talked for more than an hour. Salvation first and then consecration was the proper thing, he said. It was one thing to receive the Holy Ghost and another to obey him. If you accept the Holy Ghost you find yourself radically different from other men.

Mr. Sandford related his own experiences with religion at Old Orchard. God must be in his movement, he said, for he had raised \$4000 since last Friday night. He prayed for it and knew it was coming. The building owned by the society at Shiloh represented \$100,000. It had all come by prayer. He said those who said that he was trying to break up churches said that which was not true.

## NOT ANGRY AT CRITICS.

"You'd think I was the devil in earnest to read the newspapers," said Mr. Sandford. "But I have no hard feelings about it."

"It would take 10,000,000 of years to evangelize the world at the rate we are going. We've been sending out missionaries for 200 years, and there are 200,000,000 more heathen now than when we began." (Cries of amen and laughter.)

Then Mr. Sandford told about healing the three broken ribs of a woman down in Maine by prayer. He said he could take away all diseases. He said the woman had perfect faith, and her ribs were healed through the power of the supernatural, or the Holy Ghost. He said he could talk for hours telling of similar cases.

To become the bride of God, was to join his society, he said. He urged all to think the matter over.

## OTHERS WHO SPOKE.

A Reading young man named Willard Gleason followed Mr. Sandford. Mr. Gleason is a slim, clean-cut looking fellow and worked himself up to a high pitch of enthusiasm. He said he was glad that he had finally learned the true way. He said so great many times, and told of his conversion. To find the Holy Ghost a personal being, always with you, and who you could talk with, was the Holy Ghost and its faith. The young man was interrupted several times by cries of "Amen!" He said, in closing, that the last train for Boston left in a few minutes, but he would gladly remain all night and talk if any souls in the room desired it. But as such a large assembly was present, and Mr. Sandford's entire party caught the train.

At the afternoon meeting, which was not so largely attended as that of the evening, Mr. Ralph Gleason and Mrs. E. R. Ledger, an evangelist, were the speakers.

On Friday, at 545 Massachusetts avenue, the meetings for the evangelization of America will open.

## A RAILROAD UNDER ICE.

The Somerset Road Buried From Four to Ten Inches Deep.

Present indications are that the Somerset railroad cannot be opened before Friday or Saturday, says an exchange.

The last train was run over the road Saturday night to keep the road open. Then a trough was formed and when the rain fell the banks of snow on either side formed banks for the stream of water that flowed between the rails. When the freeze came the tracks were buried in ice from four to ten inches deep. In attempting to open this road two engines were derailed. The first of the snow bound passengers came out today, being driven out in wagons. The Madison and Solon pulp mills have each sent out a crew of fifty men to clear the tracks, but the only manner in which this can be done will be to use pick and shovel for the greater part of the way from here to Bingham, a distance of fifty miles.

The first mails since Saturday reached Madison yesterday. All mails are sent by team. The only communication with the outside world is through the snow brought by people who are sent back to the state capital.

consequently only meagre details come of the manner in which the work of clearing the upper part of the line is progressing.

## CONDITIONS REVERSED.

Too Much Snow in the Woods to Suit the Lumbermen.

Albert B. Page, of the firm of Lawrence Newhall &amp; Co., says that there is a little too much snow in the woods at the present time to suit the lumbermen. He has lately returned from the lumbering districts and there looked over the ground. In speaking of the lumbering work he said that before the last snow fall there was nearly enough snow on the ground to give the lumbermen all they needed. A little snow might have helped things out by greasing the roadways, but there had been so much of a snowfall that it was necessary for the crews to go to work with the plows digging out the additional snow that had fallen.

The greater part of the crews, he said, have finished the work of yarding the lumber, although in some places the crews are still doing that kind of work. In other places the work of hauling the lumber to the landings has been commenced and with some this work is well under way.

## JUNIOR DEPARTMENT, Y. M. C. A.

On Saturday, Feb. 10, an elementary gymnastic test will be given to the Y. M. C. A. Juniors and all who are successful in making an average of at least 70 per cent. will be given a certificate. The test will begin at 9.30 o'clock and three exercises on each of the following pieces of apparatus will constitute the examination, viz: The spring board, the horse, the parallel bars and the low horizontal bar.

The juniors have been doing faithful work and no doubt many will not only win a certificate but are building a strong constitution which will be of ample service when they enter the activities of business life later.

The next Junior social will be held on Saturday afternoon, Feb. 24, from 4 to 6 o'clock instead of Feb. 22, as previously announced.

The formation of an Intermediate Department will be effected as soon as 20 or more between the ages of 14 to 17 indicate desirability for inclusion to join the class. Should this be organized the class will have full privileges of the Y. M. C. A. on class days which will be Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday of each week.

## FOR QUEEN CITY SENATE.

Next Tuesday evening a pleasing program will be carried out at Redmen's hall under the auspices of the Queen City Senate, No. 332. The concert will be given by the Penobscot quartet, the arrangement of which is as follows:

Orchestra.  
Pastor ex-Senator L. A. Turner  
Selection Quartet.  
Song C. M. Brown, F. McKay, F. L. Haskell and Benjamin Files.  
Reading Mrs. W. H. Briggs.  
Reading Miss Blanche Farrell, Oldtown.  
Reading Prof. Shannon as Dutch Impersonator.  
Song Quartet.  
Song Mrs. W. H. Briggs.  
Reading Prof. Shannon, black face.

## DEATH OF MISS MARY ROGERS.

Was the Daughter of Prof. and Mrs. A. E. Rogers, of the University of the University of Maine.

The death of Miss Mary Frances Rogers, daughter of Prof. and Mrs. A. E. Rogers, of the University of Maine, occurred in Hampden on Wednesday after a prolonged illness. Miss Rogers was fifteen years and four months of age and was a young lady of great promise. Many friends in this city and elsewhere will deeply regret to learn the sad intelligence and their sympathy will be extended to the bereaved family.

The funeral will occur on Saturday afternoon at two o'clock at the residence of the late James H. Butler in Hampden.

## LOCAL TEMPERATURE.

The following table gives the weather conditions as shown by the thermometer and barometer at Miller's pharmacy:

Baro. Thermometer.  
Feb. 8 A. M. 30.5 -1  
12 M. 30.5 25  
6 P. M. 30.5 25

The Kennebec Bowdoin Alumni Association will hold its second annual banquet and dinner at the Cony house, Augusta, Friday evening, February 16. At last year's banquet about 20 old Bowdoin boys were present and a larger attendance is looked for this year.

President Hyde and another member of the faculty will be present as the guests of the association to represent the college. Ex-United States Senator J. W. Bradbury, class of '25, who presided over last year's banquet, will, of course, be unable to attend and will be greatly missed. One member of the association, Rev. C. P. Penney, D. D., class of '50, has died within the year. The number of Bowdoin men in that city and vicinity has had several additions during the year, and it is certain that the loyal sons of the old college will have a happy reunion upon the evening of the 16th.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one cure. Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't hurt.

## CANTORIA.

The fact that two young authors, both highly successful, the one American and the other English, bear identical names, is a remarkable coincidence—the more so because their Christian names are an unusual one, and they are in no way related to each other. And they have both achieved international distinction at an early age. The American Winthrop Churchill, author of "Richard Carver," is a Portland boy, the son of Edward Spaulding Churchill, a prominent merchant, and a great-grandson of James T. Churchill, who was Mayor of Portland in 1831. Edwin Churchill, living in the south,

## Bangor's Greatest Clothing House.

## GREAT PURCHASE and CLEARANCE SALE

The great success attendant upon this, the greatest sale of Bangor's Greatest Clothing House, is proof positive that our efforts to give the public HIGH GRADE UP-TO-DATE CLOTHING at COST PRICES has been duly appreciated. While our sales have been numerous, still in most lots (as our purchase was extensive) the sizes are still intact.

As our recent purchase was made under the most favorable circumstances, and as this unprecedented opportunity is still open we will not importune you further but simply invite investigation.

Men's Suits, worth \$7.50, now . . . \$3.90  
Men's Suits, worth \$8.50, now . . . \$4.75  
Men's Suits, worth \$10.00, now . . . \$6.75  
Men's Suits, worth \$12.50, now . . . \$8.75  
Men's Suits, worth \$16.50 and \$18.00, now . . . \$10.75

Remember the above quotations represent only a VERY FEW of the VERY MANY bargains we have in store for you. Every garment has INDIVIDUALITY and EXCLUSIVENESS, characteristics always looked for by the well dressed man.

J. Waterman, Strictly One Price Clothier, 161, 163, 165 Exchange St., Bangor, Me.

## SOME STATE CHAT

CULLED FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS IN GENERAL.

## ALL OVER PINE TREE STATE.

INTERESTING HAPPENINGS TOLD IN A SHORT WAY.

News and Gossip Items of Interest to the Whig Readers.

## ENCHANTED AND DISENCHANTED.

She drew her bow across the strings and seemed to make them sob; She turned her gaze into my eyes and caused my heart to throb. Her rounded arms were soft and white, And on her violin

Caresingly the player pressed Her dainty, dimpled chin. Her bow became a magic wand And she a sorceress;

I heard the wails of wandering souls And sighed at their distress; I heard the glad, triumphant strains That wafted me to the skies

And saw enchanting vistas when She looked into my eyes. I seemed to feel her bow upon My heartstrings—I could hear Alluring voices calling me; Par' off and very near;

I saw glad visions such as I Had ne'er beheld before— Until she got to tapping with Her foot upon the floor!

—Chicago Times-Herald.

## Southwest Harbor is talking of the need of a national bank there.

Town meeting draws near, when the voters will have their day of reckoning with their municipal officers.

One Hancock county man took his boy out on the pond one day recently, to show him how to fish through the ice. The boy caught an eight-pound salmon; the father caught nothing.

The Machias Republican says F. J. Moore, of the Western Union Telegraph office in that place, is the oldest operator in New England and possibly in the United States, he having begun work with the Maine Telegraph Company 50 years ago. He recalls when there was but one wire in operation between Bangor and Boston with about a dozen offices on the whole line, and no linemen were kept to do repairs, the operators were required to perform this duty, and on occasions, when a break occurred several miles distant, the officers were closed several days at a time while repairs were being made. There were no dispatch blanks then and the monthly returns were made out on common foolscap paper. There are now more than thirty wires in operation between Boston and Bangor, and six or eight from the latter place to Calais.

There are 80 names on the pay-roll at the shipyard of H. M. Bean, Camden, at the present, and probably will be more in the spring. Some of the finest schooners ever built in Maine have been built in Capt. Bean's yard at Camden. For eleven years J. J. Wardwell has been the foreman or master builder there, not only designing and modeling every vessel, but taking entire charge of the building of the same. Mr. Wardwell has been in a shipyard all his life. He commenced when he was 14 years of age, and after learning all the details of the business, at the age of 20 he began to build vessels and for 25 years he has been a master builder. His first vessel was built in 1873, and since that time some 23 vessels have been built under his supervision. He will have the honor of designing, modeling and building the first six-master in the world. He designs and models some vessels for other parties aside from Capt. Bean.

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## BIRTH DAY OF THE SPANISH GUN IN POST OFFICE SQUARE.

The Mount is Ready to Receive it And It Will be Put in Position Today—Its History.

The old Spanish cannon which was presented to the city by Congressman Boutelle, was hauled from the Maine Central freight sheds on Thursday to the square in front of the Post Office House, where it will be mounted to mark the gun's 113th birthday.

The gun was cast in Seville, Spain, on the 9th of February, 1787, the year in which the Constitution of the United States was adopted. It is of bronze and so clean in the casting that today the gun is suspended and struck with the piece is engraved the following:

"No. 1405, Sevilla 9 de Febrero 1787." On one of the trunnions is inscribed the weight of the gun, 6600 pounds, and on the other the words, "Corte de Mexico, Forward, on the chase." The gun is engraved the word "Minsaj" Spanish for Messenger, which is evidently the name of the piece.

After the gun was cast it was sent to the foundry with the hope of increasing its size.

The old cannon came from Fort Ticonderoga in 1795, when it was taken to the headquarters of the American revolutionaries against Santiago de Cuba, taken from the fort after its capture by Lieutenant Commander Patrick F. Fletcher of the U. S. S. "Essex" in 1898, Lieut. Com. Fletcher brought to this country on his return.

On October 16 the Congress of Maine wrote to Mayor Chapin and presented the trophy, suggesting that it be used to ornament one of the city squares. The gun to the city of Bangor was accepted gratefully and a week past month have been at the gun is ready for mounting.

On Thursday the mount was ready to receive its burden, and today the 113th birthday of the old cannon will be finally placed as a trophy of the success of American valor in the Government building in front of the Post Office House.

The gun will remain in the city square until the day of the gun is around it in the bay of Guanabaco, on the island of Cuba.

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## 113 YEARS OLD.

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The gun will remain in the city square until the day







## Whig and Courier

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Communications intended for publication should be addressed to the Editor of Whig and Courier.

Entered as Second-Class Mail Matter.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1900.

## A Republican State Convention

—WILL BE HELD IN—

City Hall, Lewiston,

Wed., April 11th, 1900,

At 11 o'clock A. M.

for the purpose of selecting six candidates for electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, and four delegates at large and four alternates to attend the National Republican Convention to be held at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on Tuesday, June 19, 1900, and transacting any other business that may properly come before it.

The basis of representation will be as follows: Each City, Town and Plantation will be entitled to one delegate, and for each seventy-five votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1896, an additional delegate, and for a fraction of forty votes in excess of seventy-five votes, an additional delegate.

Vacancies in the delegation of any City, Town or Plantation can only be filled by a resident of the county in which the vacancy exists.

The State committee will be in session in the reception room of the hall at nine o'clock, on the morning of the convention, for the purpose of receiving the credentials of delegates. Delegates in order to be eligible to participate in the convention, must be elected subsequent to the date of the call for this convention; and delegates, under this call, should not be elected to the State convention to be hereafter called for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor.

All electors of Maine, without regard to political differences, who are in sympathy with the sentiments expressed in the call of the Republican National Convention, are cordially invited to unite with the Republicans of this State, in electing delegates to this Convention.

For order Republican State Committee.

Joseph H. Manley, Chairman.

Byron Boyd, Secretary.

Augusta, Maine, Thursday, Jan. 4, 1900.

## Presidential Electors Must All Be Chosen in State Convention.

Headquarters

Republican State Committee.

Augusta, Maine, Jan. 4, 1900.

To the Republicans of Maine:—Prior to 1892 two Presidential electors at large, corresponding to the two United States senators, were nominated in State convention, and the remaining electors, corresponding to the members of the United States House of Representatives, were nominated by the several congressional district conventions.

The passage of the Australian Ballot law entirely changed the procedure.

Under the law, all Conventions are a portion of our election system, and this ballot act requires that candidates to be voted for by the Voters throughout the whole State must be placed in nomination by a Convention representing no less a constituency than the whole State. Hence, all the candidates of a party for Presidential electors must be nominated in State Convention, and I have therefore included in the call six electors.

J. H. Manley, Chairman.

The Hon. Champ Clark having impressively remarked "a man does not have to be an idiot," the New York Sun cruelly counters on him with the query "when, why don't you stop?"

The Lewiston Journal says: The news from Congressman Boutelle continues to be of the most gratifying nature, and we all hope to see him soon restored not only to complete health but to his old activities.

The man who built the first sleeping car died the other day in Missouri at the age of seventy-nine. As a matter of history, let it be said that his name was William Meyers. His death brings forward the interesting fact that the sleeping car, like many another useful thing with which the world is now commonly familiar, is a very modern invention.

George N. Wiswell, of Milwaukee, who has been appointed sergeant-at-arms of the coming Republican National Convention, is a native of Wisconsin, is forty-eight years old, and was assistant sergeant-at-arms of the Republican National Conventions at Chicago in 1888, at Minneapolis in 1892, and at St. Louis in 1896. In March, 1889, President Harrison appointed him United States marshal for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, and he held the office until 1893. During this term of office he effected the breaking up of several notorious and dangerous gangs of robbers and counterfeiters, especially the "brush hunters" gang in the neighborhood of Hurley.

Mr. Bryan says that the trend of public sentiment is away from the Republican party. Mr. Sewall, who was on the ticket with him in the last campaign, says that the trend of public sentiment is so strongly in favor of the prosperity of the country that the re-election of President McKinley is practically assured. These statements show the difference between a shifty politician who is trying to deceive the people, and a level-headed business man who is capable of reading the signs of the times and realizes the impossibility of attempting to conceal a self-evident fact.



SEL-CTIN' IS RUNNIN' MATE.

"At precisely 2 o'clock every day," says the Washington correspondent of the Chicago Record, "Senator Cockrell of Missouri, leaves his seat, goes into the cloakroom, pokes his hand into his overcoat pocket and pulls out two big red apples. Then he sits down in a comfortable chair before the wood fire that crackles in the chimney place and proceeds to eat them. He is as regular as the sun, and the Senators would rather see their watches by him than by the old clock that hangs over the entrance to the chamber. He takes no other luncheon, eats nothing else between breakfast at 8 o'clock and dinner at 6 o'clock in the afternoon, and believes that apples are the healthiest food nature has provided for man."

Mr. Bryan says that he is entirely satisfied with his eastern trip. If so it only proves what has been often said, namely, that he cares nothing about party success as compared with the personal glorification he gets out of the notoriety of his position. When he declares that the trend of public sentiment in the east is away from the Republican party, as he did to a reporter of the New York World, he knows perfectly well that he is talking nonsense. That very paper has assured him over and over again that there is no possible hope of Democratic success under his Chicago platform leadership. The value of his statement in this respect is about on a par with much he says in the discussion of public questions. Bryan's leadership is undoubtedly a "good thing" for Bryan, but it is death for the Democratic party, a fact freely admitted by leading Democratic editors.

A Rational Danish Rat Extermination Society has been organized in Copenhagen, which has built a crematorium for the rats it kills. It being found unhealthy to bury them. This activity has extended to the Danish provinces, and the Norwegian government has asked the Extermination Society for information and aid. In Paris the plague is traced to the sewers, whence the vermin have been driven by recent improvements into the central markets and the houses near the Seine. Armies of rats so great as to defy attack are ravaging the food depots. The suburbs, too, are threatened, and at Achères Plate over ten thousand rats were at one time engaged in devouring two acres of beet roots. The Danes have thus far been the most successful in meeting the danger, and Paris has also consulted them. The Pied Piper of the modern rat will probably hail from Copenhagen.

The engineering world of Europe has not recovered from the surprise over the remarkable performance of an Antwerp of a big dredge boat constructed in Belgium for the Russian Government on plans prepared by an American engineer, Mr. Bates of Chicago. Under the contract the boat was to have a capacity of 1,600 cubic yards of dredging per hour. She recorded a capacity of 1,800 yards on trial. So great was the interest in the trial that most of the foreign Ambassadors were present, the Belgium Cabinet, commissions from Australia, India, Germany, France, the Argentine Republic and hundreds of engineers from all parts of Europe. Trains were run at reduced rates to accommodate the people eager to see the American dredge, the most powerful in the world, and for six weeks boats were kept running in Antwerp to carry visitors to the point of operation. The immediate effect has been to cause orders to be placed for similar dredges for India, Australia and Russia. The facts are reported to the State Department by Consul General Holloway in St. Petersburg.

Governor Taylor proposes to give the peace agreement a very thorough examination before deciding whether or not to attach his signature. He is perfectly justified in taking this course. Speaking of the agreement the Chicago Times-Herald says: This arrangement is doubtless in the interest of peace and good order, but it cannot be denied that the concession it offers for the privilege of ratifying fraud and lawlessness is means and end. This is a self-evident fact.

A Stouington correspondent is agitating the question of clam-shell roads. Where shells are available in sufficient quantities, as in the vicinity of a clam-canning factory, the shell roads would be practicable. Their adaptability for road-making has already been demonstrated. There is a short stretch of clam-shell road in the vicinity of Oceanville, in the town of Stouington, over which it is a pleasure to ride. The roads are said to be dry in the mud-diest of weather, and the correspondent points out another feature which is worthy of consideration: The light color the shell road makes it safer driving at night, as the road can be seen a long distance ahead.

"Difficulties give way to diligence," and disease germs and blood humors disappear when Hood's Sarsaparilla faithfully taken.

CANTONIA.

The kind you have seen in the

Advertisement for Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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Advertisement for Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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## RELIGIOUS STATE.

REPORTS FROM FORTY-FIVE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES.

## IN TWENTY DIFFERENT STATES.

SATISFACTORY REPORTS TO HARTFORD THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.

The Power of the Young Men's Christian Association is Manifest.

Hartford, Conn., Feb. 8.

A short time ago the Public Relations Committee of Hartford Theological Seminary sent letters to about one hundred colleges and universities, asking for information on the religious condition in these institutions. The forty-five institutions which reported are located in twenty different states. They represent seven denominations; five are Presbyterians, six Methodists, one Baptist, one Free Baptist, two Dutch Reformed, one German Reformed, fifteen Congregationalist, fourteen non-sectarian. Of the non-sectarian institutions, six are state universities. These forty-five institutions have an attendance of over 30,000 students.

In only three institutions is the religious condition said to be at all discouraging. Two institutions report a lack of interest in missions. Only one has no Young Men's Christian Association.

Twenty per cent of the students of the State University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis., are interested in Christian work; fifty per cent of the senior class are Christians. The membership of the Young Men's Christian Association in the University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, has doubled, being now 435; fifty per cent of the senior class are Christians. There are forty saloons in Ann Arbor. Fifty-seven per cent of the students in the University of Michigan are Christians. There are twenty-six Student Volunteers for foreign missions in the senior class, twelve women and fourteen men. In the University of Illinois, Champaign, Ill., forty-five per cent of the students are members of evangelical churches; forty-five per cent of the senior class are Christians. Eighty-five per cent of the 1,000 men in the University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Neb., are Christians, 300 are members of the Young Men's Christian Association, 115 are in the Bible class.

Each of the six state universities which answered has a Young Men's Christian Association. The three which reported the percentage of Christians in the whole institution averaged sixty-five per cent. The three which reported the percentage of Christians in the senior class averaged eighty-eight per cent. Of the fifty-nine men and women in the senior class of five state universities forty-four have the foreign mission field in view, and fifteen the home field.

Six Methodist institutions answered. Wesleyan University, of Middletown, Conn., reports thirty-nine Christians in the senior class, sixty-six who are active in religious work. The Ohio Wesleyan has in a senior class of sixty, twenty-five Christians and twenty-one studying for the ministry. In Syracuse University, N. Y., fifty per cent of the present senior class are Christians.

In Northern Indiana, the University of Notre Dame, reports that thirty-five per cent of the students are Christians. In a senior class of thirty-nine there are twenty-five Christians.

Five Presbyterian institutions answered. Lafayette College, Easton, Penn., writes: "The religious work is very gratifying, and at a good standard now." The five men of the senior class in Coe college, Cedar Rapids, Ia., expect to enter the ministry. Lake Forest University of Illinois reports the religious work to be on a better footing than ever before. Princeton University expects to hold special meetings from February 25 to March 4. The students are supporting Mr. Calley, their missionary in China. The Bible classes have an enrollment of 170; the Mission Study class numbers forty-five.

In Center, Coe and Lafayette Colleges over seventy-eight men out of every hundred are Christians. The number of men looking forward to the ministry in the senior classes of Centre, Coe, Lake Forest and Lafayette Colleges is seventeen.

Twelve non-sectarian institutions reported aside from the state universities. In Cornell University since early October prayer-meetings have been meeting each morning at 7.50 to pray for a spiritual uplift among students. There are 2,800 students in the university. Sixty per cent of the students are Christians. The secretary of the Washington and Jefferson College, Penn., reports ninety per cent of the senior class to be Christians. From the great University of Chicago comes the message that there is a steady progress in the religious work. In John Hopkins University, Baltimore, sixty-five per cent of the senior class are Christians. There are more men among the post-graduates going to the foreign field than among the undergraduates. Park College, Parkville, Mo., reports that out of 365 students in the college, all but nine are Christians. There are forty-three volunteers, fifty-four candidates for the ministry, and fifty in the Mission Study class.

The average per cent of Christians in the senior classes of seven non-sectarian institutions is seventy-two and one-half per cent. In eight of these institutions fifty men in the senior classes are studying for the ministry; twenty of these are Student Volunteers for foreign missions.

Fifteen Congregationalist colleges and universities answered. In Carleton College, St. Paul, Minn., all the nine men in the senior class are Christians. In Oberlin College, Ohio, all the nine men in the senior class are Christians. The secretary of the Williams College Young Men's Christian Association, Williamstown, Mass., reports that more men are enrolled in the Bible Study classes than ever before.

town, Mass., reports that more men are enrolled in the Bible Study classes than ever before. The Association expects to move into Jessup Hall, its new building, in a few weeks. Amherst College, Amherst, Mass., reports fifty per cent of the senior class to be Christians. In Ripon, Wis., a constant growth since September is reported. Doane College, Crete, Neb., has twelve Christians in a senior class of thirteen members.

"At this time," writes Young Men's Christian Association secretary of Yale University, "has there been so little drinking. The attitude of the students has had a tangible effect on the college sweeps, two of whom have confessed Christ. One colored man who confessed Christ was leader in a gambling den. There is to be a series of meetings February 11 to March 4, led by Robert Speer and John R. Mott, attacking college evils. Thirty to forty more men are seeking for active Christian work in the Association than can be supplied with the demands of the regular work. Sixty-five per cent of the students in the Academic and Scientific departments are Christians. The Bible classes average 175. Fifty men are planning to enter the ministry. There are ten volunteers for foreign missions.

The eleven Congregationalist colleges which reported the percentage of Christians in the senior classes show an average of seventy-nine per cent. About 121 men in the senior classes of twelve institutions are studying for the ministry; thirty-nine of these are volunteers.

More than sixty-seven men of every 100 of seven of the large institutions are Christian men.

Thirty-three institutions report on the per cent of Christians in the senior class. In five, all members of the senior class are Christians. Two, Hope College (Dutch Reformed), Holland, Mich., and Park College, have ninety-four per cent of the senior class Christians. The lowest per cent is forty-five. The number of Christians in collegiate institutions is not diminished as the men increase in knowledge.

Thirty-seven institutions report the number of men in the senior class studying for the ministry. The total is 288. Out of this number 100 are planning to enter the foreign field. About thirty-five per cent of the senior class are Christians. In the senior classes of thirty-seven institutions, are preparing to enter missionary work. This review is said to manifest the power of the Young Men's Christian Association in college life. The Young Men's Christian Association is using a new method by which the Christian students of the college are being trained for life, but help others to become Christians. The study of the Bible, the study of missions is kept before the men all the time. There are more Christians in colleges than non-Christians. There is said to be the best and endeavor on the part of the best men in the college for a deeper religious life for themselves and for their fellows.

## SHIPPING NEWS.

St John, N. B., Feb 8. Arr, str Turret

Chief, Louisville; Indianapolis, Black,

New Castle; Bengore Head, Brennan,

Dublin; Arawa, Aaylor, Liverpool via

Halifax; Garfield White, Seeley, N

Y., cleared, str Lake Huron, Jones,

Liverpool, via Halifax; St Croix, Bos-

ton.

Portland, Me, Feb 8. Arr, str Buenos

Ayres (Br) Liverpool; Euxinia, Boston

to load for London; F S Willard, New

port, R. I.; cl, str Peruvian, (Br) Glas-

gow; str S P Hitchcock, Brunswick,

Chas; C P Notman, and S P Blackburn,

in New News; J Manchester Haynes,

Charleston, str, str Salacia, Glasgow;

Horatio Hall, N. Y.

Boston, Feb 8. Arr, strs Cambrian,

(Br) London; Lago (Br) Hull, Eng, via

Lisbon; Halifax (Br) Halifax; Boston

(Br) and Prince George (Br) Yarm-

mouth, N. S.; Atlas, Halifax, N. S.

in New News; J Manchester Haynes,

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(Br) and Prince George (Br)



## HORSE AND TRACK

NOTINGS OF INTEREST TO TURF FOLLOWERS AND HORSE LOVERS.

## SOME COMMENTS AND NOTES.

A JOURNAL OF FAMOUS MEN, FLYERS AND RACE COURSE ITEMS.

News About the Trotters and Interesting Matter.

Nellie Brace, 2.13 1/4, is dead.

Gen Turner is in California.

John Conley is in Kentucky.

The mid-winter sale season is on.

Hastings, 2.13 1/4, goes to Austria.

Fosmouth, 2.15 1/4, goes to England.

The Year Book is promised within a few weeks.

Dubuque will give a \$50,000 meeting next summer.

Hastings' early closing classes will close March 10.

Fannie Foley 2.13 1/4, will be in George West's stable.

The get of Baron Wilkes won close to \$10,000 last year.

The grand circuit has flagged the all-stakes meeting.

Charter Oak has opened a \$10,000 fund for foals of 1900.

Ed Mills thinks Weed Wilkes, 2.10 1/2, will be good in his class.

D. A. Snell says Jupe will be in the end until the last of June.

Ben Rentek will have the Prodigal horse Dr. Spellman, 2.13 1/4.

Alta McDonald expects Coney, 2.07 1/2, to be great goods this year.

L. C. Manley and Charles O'Connor have leased Point Breeze track.

There is a good market for campaigning trotters and pacers in Australia.

The foreign buyers were much in evidence at the Splan sale last week.

Direct, 2.13, has been sent to Tom Keenan, who will try him at the trot.

Arlington, 2.06 1/2, despite his 12 years of age, is tipped off as a sure 2.05 pacer.

Trap and target shooting is the favorite sport at Philadelphia tracks this winter.

Dr. Kane, the owner of Daniel, 2.07 1/2, has leased the half-mile track at Lynbrook, L. I.

The National and American associations will find the grand circuit no weak dictator.

Barney Demarest has taken a three years' lease of the half-mile track at Torrington, N. J.

The California trotter, Brice McNeil, 2.19 1/4, has been bought by Dick Benson of Kansas City.

J. E. C. 2.18 1/2, the Tribune trotter lately bought by Billy O'Neill, will be used for matinee racing.

Smol cost the late Robert Bonner \$10,000, what will she bring under the hammer next week?

Hartford will hold no early meeting, and Readville will fly the flag the week of Fourth of July.

Beautiful Chimes, 2.22 1/4, dam of American Belle, 2.12 1/4, has a filly at foot sired by Dare Devil, 2.09 1/4.

Dione, 2.09 1/4, is being used on the San Francisco speedway this winter by her owner, A. B. Speckels.

The Kentucky breeders association announces that its \$20,000 Futurity foals of 1900 will close March 15.

The New Jersey state fair association has disposed of its grounds to the city of Newark for park purposes.

Oleund L., 2.16 1/4, who was exported to Russia, has been racing in the land of the czar as a native-bred horse.

Albatross, the guileless pacer of silver tube fame, is going to England along with Kingwood, 2.17, and David L., 2.19.

Ed Mills has bought Major, 2.11, from C. W. Marks, of Chicago. Ed will buy Indiana, 2.06 1/4, on his late trip west.

B. T. Birney and Rube Rush will be together this year. The former will do the training, while the latter will act as manager.

Pittsburg did not apply for dates in the grand circuit, as its new track will be used entirely for matinee racing this year at least.

Matinees are held at Los Angeles, Cal., every week. A few days since Sophia R., 2.14 1/4, stepped a mile in 2.21 1/4 on one of the even.

A mile race in which a horse with high forelegs is the main point of interest at Dracut. The road bed is now nearly overgrown with bushes.

Fred Howard, well-known as the driver of El Rami, Kentucky Star, Alice Hal and others, is now manager of a New York boarding stable.

There is talk of a western circuit to

include Sioux City, Des Moines, Red Oak, Independence and Le Mars, Ia.; St. Joseph, Mo., and Omaha, Neb.

R. C. Taylor, of Worcester, the owner of Abbie V, 2.16 1/4, says that despite his 72 years of age he can give lots of those young fellows lessons in driving.

The January receipts at the East St. Louis, Ill., stock yards were unprecedented, the horses and mules in market during that time numbering 20,508.

Billie Finch, 2.34 1/4, will join the high-stepping brigade. He has been bought by William Elkins, of Philadelphia, as a mate for the champion Red Cloud.

Rex Americus, 2.11 1/4, has stood the preliminary test and will go south with Geers. C. J. Hamilton thinks the big horse will shade 2.10 quite a bit.

Austrians consider Col. Kuser as fast as any trotter in America. They say the colonel is a glutton for work, and gets three fast heats the day before his races.

E. H. Harriman, of New York, has purchased Le Grand Cannon, Burlington, Vt., for \$4,000, the 4-year-old stallion Vermont Chimes, by Chimes; dam Sister, 2.25 1/4, by Ethan Allen.

Grand old Hal Pointer will spend the balance of his life at Village farm, Harry Hamlin having bought the famous pacer. When the Hamlins sold Pointer they were severely criticised, and the repurchase of him will please circuit followers.

Orin Hickok will take the Patchen Wilkes training stable to Louisville for early training this season. The 3 year old filly Sarah Madden by Ashell is about the most promising young green thing in America. Hickok worked her lightly but carefully last fall and she stepped a mile for him in 2.13 as a 3 year old.

Congressman Landis of Indiana says of a Logansport man: "He was always talking about a fine horse which he owned, when, as a matter of fact he never owned a pound of horse flesh in his life. But he talked about it so much that he got to believe it himself and one day he went to Indianapolis and bought a saddle and bridle."

Baron Wilkes has 22 2.15 performers to his credit. As a sire of 2.15 speed for 1899 he stands quite alone, being credited with no less than six new performers for the year, viz., Royal Baron, 2.10 1/4; Exstasy, 2.11 1/4; Grand Baron, 2.12 1/4; Tesla, 2.13 1/4; Prince of India, 2.13 1/4; and Baronwood, 2.14 1/4; all trotting records made in races.

George L. Field, of Westbrook, who has owned many good horses in the past, has lately purchased a fine looking and speedy mare sired by Westland, sire of Ola Westland, Luna Westland and other fast ones, dam Pillota by Black Pilot, (2.27). This mare has won money in three races, but has no record. Mr. Field intends to use her for road driving for his own pleasure.

Levi Westcott of Portland has lately built from his own invention an innovation in speeding sleighs. Mr. Westcott says the trouble in the past in building sleighs for speed has been that the horse as hitched to most of them did not have room for proper hook action, but in his invention the sleigh is built in front very like the axle of a trotting sulky, the horse being well in under so that there is necessary room and at the same time the beauty and comfort of the common sleigh are combined. This sleigh is now at Thafon's stable and has been viewed by the Portland business men as one of the many improvements that some of these speeding sleighs.

In Gratton Boy (2.08) Roy Miller has a trotter, which, barring accidents, will be able to let the free-for-allers know that they have been to the races any time they turn around with him the coming summer, says the Boston Herald. Commencing in November, Gratton Boy was worked on the track until in shape, and after driving him a mile in 2.25, with the last quarter in 25 seconds the last of December Miller took him from the track and now gives him all his work on the road. A little later on his work on the track will be resumed and he will go to the races with more muscular flesh on him than when he commenced his campaign of two years ago. If looks count for anything the stallion should be seconds faster than before. From what he has shown since he was taken up last fall he should be able to out his mark a couple of seconds, and if he could trot three seconds faster than his present record that would be better than the stallion championship now held by Di-rection. If no accident happens to the horse he will have to be figured on, no matter in what company he starts, for he is a good actor on the track, and will try for wire to wire.

James Trafion, the popular horseman of East End, Westbrook, has lately made a strike in horse deals. Mr. Trafion has been looking about the State for a speedy stallion for stock purposes and in visiting the Riverside Stock Farm, South Gardiner, W. D. Holey, proprietor, he purchased the bay stallion The Clear, (2.09 1/4), sired by Nelson, (2.09), the sire of 48 in the 2.30 list, the dam of The Clear is Greyhound by Fear-naught. Greyhound is the dam of Haley (2.17 1/4) who has been such a favorite on the Maine tracks for the past five or six years. The bringing of such a fine stallion to this city means much to the horsemen to the place as Mr. Trafion will give The Clear a short season in the street and then he is to be sold for the fall races where he is to

be expected to reduce his record by many seconds.

The Austrians have been active buyers of high class trotting stock in New York. Carl Flatnik of Vienna has bought several head of choice trotting-stock, the most prominent of which are Hastings and Fanny Browne, Hastings is a bay stallion, foaled in 1894, by Norcorat, dam, Roxie Lee, 2.26 1/4, by Bay Star, second dam, Nell, by Hiattoga. He has a record of 2.12 1/4, made at Peoria, Ill., on July 6, 1897, when he was three years old. Fanny Browne is a bay mare, foaled in 1893, by Norval, he by Elector; dam, Emma, by Egbert; second dam, Just Right, by Mainbrino Patchen. She has a record of 2.18 1/4, made at Decatur, Ill., August 23, 1898.

At the meeting of the Board of Stewards of the Grand Circuit two resolutions were passed which will in all probability provoke a lively discussion. One practically demanded increased representation on the Board of the National Trotting Association for members of the Grand Circuit, and the second was a protest against the proxy. It is a singular fact that while the Grand Circuit is the backbone of trotting sport, it has no direct representation on the national board. The powerful associations of Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Hartford and New York have no members on the board.

The old champion pacer Hal Pointer, 2.04 1/2, who was the star winner in the Village Farm stable for two seasons and one year won every race he started in through the Grand Circuit till he reached the last meeting in Philadelphia, where he broke down, will spend his old age in peace and comfort at his old home. He was sold to the Hamlins when his racing days were over, and eventually passed to Charles H. Fee of Detroit. Harry Hamlin, while attending the stewards' meeting in that city, bought his old-time favorite back again for the express purpose of securing for him a comfortable old age.

The stewards of the Grand Circuit having decided that they will close their stakes between April 1 and 15 it has started a lively discussion as to the probable classes. The opinion appears to be unanimous among horsemen that a free-for-all stallion stake would be one of the sensational features of the season. Malcolm Forbes has two strong candidates in Elgen, 2.06 1/4, and Peter the Great, 2.07 1/4. The owner of Cresceus, 2.07 1/4, which won the Empire City, \$6,000 stallion purse last autumn, announces that Cresceus will not be in the stand this spring, but will be specially prepared for a full racing season. Looking down the list, there are: William Penn, 2.07 1/4; Jule, 2.07 1/4; Fred Kohl, 2.07 1/4; Tommy Britton, 2.08; Di-rectum Kelly, 2.08 1/4; Lord Vincent, 2.08 1/4; Gayton, Monterey, Oakland Baron, Dare Devil, Lecco, Charlie Herr, Surpol, and others all in the 2.10 list, with quite a number of promising candidates between 2.10 and 2.15 who should be eligible when the season opens.

## BEST TIME TO BE A BOY.

(From the Worcester Gazette.)

"Backward, turn backward, oh, 'Time, in thy flight."

Make me a boy again, just for tonight."

It's "Oh, to be a boy again," when business is bad;

It's "Oh, to be a boy again," when one is married and has a child;

It's "Oh, to be a boy again," when calumny attacks;

It's "Oh, to be a boy again," when indigestion racks;

It's "Oh, to be a boy again," when love is growing cold;

It's "Oh, to be a boy again," when a married woman is told;

It's "Oh, to be a boy again," when social pleasures fail;

And "Oh, to be a boy again," when boring neighbors call.

But when the bed is soft and warm, and wide without are chill,

And some one shouts aloud "Get up!" and thumps you with a will,

Reminding you of work ahead—a day of plan and scheme and strife—

So late you get up for breakfast are an evanescent dream,

And walks are sloppy-sloppy and the rain is coming down,

And there's an air of gloom and sadness over all the town,

And then the bells ring out "No school" with noisy clang—ah, it's "Oh, to be a boy again!"

It's "Oh, oh, oh, oh, oh, oh, to be a boy again!"

THIRD EYES.

Do you ever get tired in reading sooner than they would a few years ago? You needn't be afraid to answer in the affirmative, for it shall not be taken as evidence that old age has anything to do with it; neither does it follow that you are in need of the oculist's care. No, the trouble is with the paper which is used in most magazines and books just now. The type, to be sure, is better and clearer than ever before, but haven't you noticed in reading down one page of a highly glazed periodical that you have to shift the angle of the book at least three times in order to get the light right? It's a fact, whether you have noticed it or not, and its ruin both to one's eyes and one's temper is to be put out. While you are reading in the upper left hand corner of a two-column paper the light is shifted on the right-hand corner and reflecting is trying glow in your right eye that is nerve-destrorying.—Boston Transcript.

Nasal CATARRH. It is all the more common than it should be, and it is all the more dangerous. It is all the more common than it should be, and it is all the more dangerous. It is all the more common than it should be, and it is all the more dangerous.

Ely's Cream Balm. It is all the more common than it should be, and it is all the more dangerous. It is all the more common than it should be, and it is all the more dangerous. It is all the more common than it should be, and it is all the more dangerous.

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Do you ever get tired in reading sooner than they would a few years ago? You needn't be afraid to answer in the affirmative, for it shall not be taken as evidence that old age has anything to do with it; neither does it follow that you are in need of the oculist's care. No, the trouble is with the paper which is used in most magazines and books just now. The type, to be sure, is better and clearer than ever before, but haven't you noticed in reading down one page of a highly glazed periodical that you have to shift the angle of the book at least three times in order to get the light right? It's a fact, whether you have noticed it or not, and its ruin both to one's eyes and one's temper is to be put out. While you are reading in the upper left hand corner of a two-column paper the light is shifted on the right-hand corner and reflecting is trying glow in your right eye that is nerve-destrorying.—Boston Transcript.

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## GENERAL ORDERS

TO THE NATIONAL GUARD OF THE STATE OF MAINE.

## COMMISSIONS TO THE OFFICERS

THE CASUALTIES IN THE FIRST AND SECOND INFANTRY.

The Announcements for the Months of December and January.

General Orders No. 4, have just been issued to the Maine National Guard from the Adjutant General's office as follows:

STATE OF MAINE.

Adjutant-General's Office.

Augusta, January 31, 1900.

General Orders No. 4.

I. Commissioners were issued in December, 1899, and January, 1900, to the following officers:

FIRST INFANTRY.

Sergeant Lester A. Partridge, First Lieutenant, Co. F, commissioned December 15, 1899, to rank from November 20, 1899, vice First Lieutenant C. Hart Blackington, resigned and honorably discharged.

Second Lieutenant William J. Wilson, Co. K, commissioned January 1, 1900, to rank from December 15, 1899, vice First Lieutenant C. Hart Blackington, resigned and honorably discharged.

First Lieutenant William J. Wilson, Co. K, commissioned January 1, 1900, to rank from December 15, 1899, vice First Lieutenant C. Hart Blackington, resigned and honorably discharged.

Major Edwin M. Fuller, Surgeon, expiration of term of service, November 7, 1899.

First Lieutenant Horace V. Jonah, Assistant Surgeon, expiration of term of service, November 7, 1899.

First Lieutenant Edward Spear, Co. E, resigned and honorably discharged, November 25, 1899.

Major Edwin M. Fuller, Surgeon, expiration of term of service, November 7, 1899.

Rev. James E. Cochrane, Chaplain, expiration of term of service, November 7, 1899.

First Lieutenant Cornelius J. Kelleher, Co. H, commissioned vacated by acceptance of commission as Captain, December 15, 1899.

First Lieutenant George F. Garcelon, Co. D, commissioned vacated by acceptance of commission as First Lieutenant, December 15, 1899.

Second Lieutenant William A. Martin, Co. L, resigned and honorably discharged, December 20, 1899.

Second Lieutenant Howard Brett, Co. G, commissioned vacated by acceptance of commission as Captain, January 20, 1900.

First Lieutenant Frank A. Peabody, Co. L, commissioned vacated by acceptance of commission as Captain, January 20, 1900.

Second Lieutenant Fred C. Dunlap, Co. E, commissioned vacated by acceptance of commission as Captain, December 15, 1899.

Leaves of absence have been granted as follows:

Lieutenant-Colonel John M. Gilden, Aide-de-Camp on the staff of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief for one year from October 7, 1899, with permission to leave the United States for the purpose of traveling in Europe and the East.

Lieutenant-Colonel John D. Prindle, Aide-de-Camp on the staff of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief for twenty days, from January 1, 1900.

By order of T. RICHARDS, Adjutant-General.

EASTPORT NEWS.

More Attempts at Burglary—Fierce Wind Monday—Shoe Factory Doing Good Business—Notes.

(Special to Whig and Courier.)

Eastport, Feb. 7. One can easily form some kind of an idea of how hard wind can blow across our island, when it is assumed "nervy" enough to blow one of the electric light weather signals from its position on the staff of the weather bureau, Monday evening. It struck the pavement with a loud report, and narrowly missed striking people who were passing at the time.

J. A. McPaul, after a day's visit to Portland, returned by steamer St. Croix Tuesday.

Mr. John I. Clough, whose misfortune it was to recently have his right arm amputated on account of a cancerous growth, desires through the columns of the Whig to thank the Eastport fire department for their kindness and generosity in presenting to him from their relief fund the sum of \$300 as a benefit. The courtesy is certainly a marked one and much appreciated by Mr. Clough, who until the time of his going away to undergo the necessary amputation was an active member of the department. The amount in question is the largest ever given to a member of the department in this city, and clearly indicates John's popularity among the boys.

Miss Marcia Alexander left Monday for Philadelphia, where she will visit her uncle, Geo. A. Sweet.

Steamer St. Croix on her weekly run eastward, docked at 4.30, bringing among the passengers Eastport's long-time friend, Mr. J. W. Dorsey of the River-side, accompanied by his wife and child, arrived in the city by train Tuesday evening.

Who said Eastport's shoe factory would never amount to much? If present indications are anything to go by, it seems as though it would be a case of "wait and see."

The factory has been in operation since its beginning will, ere long, develop into an industry that the people of this city can refer to with pride. With the right man at the wheel, a craft of enterprise can always find a safe harbor on the waters of commerce, and in Mr. J. W. Dorsey, as general manager, this establishment has, with the benefit of his experience as a shoe manufacturer, gradually progressed from the start. When first opened, the factory employed but a few hands, some experienced workmen, and some novices, but now it has a staff of 50 men, and is doing a business that is well up with the orders. Tuesday's shipment was the largest since the factory began operations, and included 84 cases containing 652 pairs of ladies' misses' and little girls' shoes. Not a bad after all, hey? These were but part of the orders contracted for to be filled between Feb. 1 and 15. Other large orders are ahead of the crew and will be filled as fast as possible. Tuesday's shipment was made to Boston, and will be shipped to Philadelphia and several western points.

Capt. D. L. Richardson of the steamer Viking, accompanied by his wife and son, were in the city Tuesday on their return from a three weeks' trip to Boston, N. H., and Portland, Me.

Private George A. Goodwin, Second Lieutenant, Co. D, commissioned December 15, 1899, to rank from November 20, 1899, vice First Lieutenant C. Hart Blackington, resigned and honorably discharged.

Sergeant Albert Greenlaw, Second Lieutenant, Co. I, commissioned December 15, 1899, to rank from November 20, 1899, vice First Lieutenant C. Hart Blackington, resigned and honorably discharged.

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Sergeant Albert Greenlaw, Second Lieutenant, Co. I, commissioned December



## THIRD ATTEMPT.

GEN. FULLER PRESUMABLY FIGHTING AGAIN THURSDAY.

## BULLER HOLDS HIS POSITION.

WHOLE WAR AREA PRESENTS A SCENE OF ACTIVITY.

It Will Be No Easy Task to Reach Ladysmith.

London, Feb. 8 (2:15 P. M.). Presumably Gen. Buller is fighting again Thursday in his third attempt to relieve Ladysmith, and news of the greatest attempt may arrive at any moment. Yet there is more doubt here than exultation, for even if the recollection of Gen. Buller's two disastrous failures after auspicious starts were not keen in the minds of the public the casualties published Thursday would be a sufficient reminder of the tremendous difficulties of his task. The fact that he occupies Vaal Krantz, the key of the lower ridge, while a prize-worthy and gallant achievement, by no means signifies that he and Gen. White will have a free hand. Before Gen. Buller there are several days of hard fighting and an attempt to force the result would be useless.

If based on precedent, which can hardly be done in warfare, it would be found to be in favor of the Boers, for apparently the conditions have not materially altered since the last fruitless attempt. On the other hand, the British troops are smarting under defeat and will undoubtedly be nerved to more desperate efforts than ever before, if furious fighting can carry Gen. Buller over the kopjes that face him. Ladysmith will be relieved within a week, but so far British bravery has been, in the main, woefully misguided. It is more than likely that Gen. Buller's Chieveley may be strong enough to advance on the Tugela and render valuable assistance from the southeast, while the beleaguered garrison itself, according to the latest dispatches, should be able to effect a potential diversion when Gen. Buller has overcome the initial difficulties which lie in the kopjes immediately north of the Tugela.

Turning from the transcendent interest in Ladysmith, the whole war area presents a scene of important activity. The Boer attack on Gen. Gatacre's forces reported Feb. 7, resulted in the annihilation of the British after shifting the camps, retired upon the arrival of British reinforcements. The attack, scarcely warranted being called a skirmish. The British casualties were one man killed and four wounded. The latest advices from Sterkstroom announce that Gen. Gatacre's cavalry is in pursuit of the Boers. While nothing has resulted from this affair, it indicates that the burghers are fully alive to the importance of the concentration which is on the verge of occurring between the forces of Gen. Gatacre, Kelly-Kenny and French, and they do not hesitate to take the aggressive against established positions in an attempt to thwart it. It is believed that a sufficiently large body of troops will soon be massed at Colenso to engage the unopposed advance of the invading army when it is ready to start.

## "BULLER HOLDS HIS POSITION."

London, Feb. 8. A cable despatch received in this city from Spearman's camp upon Thursday's date, says: "Buller holds his position. Relief is certain."

## BRITISH CASUALTIES 223.

London, Feb. 8 (1:13 P. M.). Gen. Buller has cabled to the war office that the approximate British casualties in the fighting at Potgieters Drift up to noon Tuesday are:

Officers, two killed and 15 wounded; non-commissioned officers and men, 216 killed and wounded.

The officers killed were Maj. Johnstone-Smythe and Lieut. Shaffe, both of Durham Light Infantry.

The officers wounded include Col. Fitzgerald of the Durham Light Infantry, Col. A. J. Montgomery of the Royal Artillery, and Lieut. Sir T. A. Cunningham of the Rifle Brigade.

## NATIVES ARMED.

London, Feb. 8. A despatch to the London Times from Spearman's Camp says that when the Durhams reached the top of Vaal Krantz over 50 of the enemy, who are still defending the position, were armed natives.

## AT MODDER RIVER.

Modder River, Feb. 8. Gen. Macdonald maintains his position at Koodoosberg drift. His movement has evidently disconcerted the Boers and at the same time safeguarded the operations of a portion of the Belmont garrison in the direction of Douglas, where there are still a few Boers. The British casualties till now are two men.

The Ninth Lancers made several attempts to draw out the Boers but were unsuccessful. The British held the highest portion of the kopje, the Boers' position being on the lowest portion.

Owing to the steepness of the southern slope of the kopje it is impossible to mount artillery. The usual daily shellings are continued. The outposts report that the Boers are making advanced trenches in the open plain in front of Magersfontein drift, presumably to prevent the British horse and field artillery from approaching within range of their positions.

## SHELLING AT RENSBURG.

Rensburg, Feb. 8. The Boers' position was vigorously shelled with Lydite for an hour early Thursday morning, eastward from opposite Slingshot fort and westward from the top of Colos kop, a 15-pound shrapnel gun paying special attention to the sites of the Boers' guns, which have been unusually active lately.

The Boers held a position half way on the direct road between Rensburg and Colenso. They shelled Porter's bill Wednesday ineffectually.

## CONDENSED NEWS.

New York, Feb. 8. George W. Van Sien, of this city, has just received a letter from J. H. Hornmeyer, of Cape Town, South Africa, in which the writer says the Dutch relief committee have plenty of Red Cross nurses but need funds for relief work. He says that whatever the final result of the war may be, thousands of Boer widows and orphans will be left in a state of destitution. Hundreds of thousands of dollars will be required to render them some effective aid.

New York, Feb. 8. The magnificent gold loving cup which is to be given Sir Thomas Lipton is now ready for presentation. It will be placed on exhibition at the Merchants' club, 109 Leonard street. The date of presentation has not been fixed. The cup which is of 18-karat gold, cost \$3,000. It is 14 inches high and rests upon a green marble base. Three graceful mermaids hold the handles from which run sprigs of shamrock, rose and goldenrod, emblems respectively of Ireland, England and the United States. In green panels on the body of the cup.

Chicago, Feb. 8. Mayor Harrison's attitude towards boxing matches, in which the leaders of the heavyweight class engage will probably prevent the fight scheduled between Tom Sharkey and the champion, who is to be fought under the direction of the Tattersall's Athletic club. The mayor's position is the same as that taken when an attempt was made last year to bring Sharkey and Corbett together. The men are matched up in hand for about one-half the cost of the contest. The mayor said last night: "I am opposed to matches between strong men of Sharkey's reputation on general principles."

New York, Feb. 8. The women of the Washington Statue Association have arranged for the last annual contributions towards the completion of the pedestal for the Washington statue which is to be presented to France sometime next year. The statue itself has been fully paid for and funds are in hand for about one-half the cost of the pedestal but several thousand dollars are still needed and it is hoped that the patriotic women of America will make up this amount before the date fixed for the unveiling of the statue in Paris, July 3 next. That day will be the anniversary of the day Washington took command of the continental army.

Hanover, N. H., Feb. 8. The most serious fire that has occurred in Hanover since the village was founded in 1781, broke out about 12 years ago in the business section 13 years ago in the fire in the elegant Davison block at Golden Corner near Dartmouth College and destroyed the structure, causing a total loss of \$200,000. Many Dartmouth students who occupied rooms in the building lost their belongings and one of them, H. E. Kellam of Newark, N. J., a member of the freshman class, was severely injured by coming in contact with the flames. The fire started at 12:30 o'clock between the second and third floors, presumably from defective electric wires. The building was occupied on the ground floor by Davison & Ward, general store. The loss on that floor, which was occupied by students, third floor, which the boys lost from \$1200 to \$1500 worth of effects. The Davison block was built in 1869 at a cost of \$65,000. It has been owned for the past 13 years by F. W. Davison, president of the Dartmouth Savings bank. The loss on the block is \$25,000 and the insurance amounts to \$10,000.

Boston, Feb. 8. A large four story brick building at 30 India street used by J. P. Gilman & Co. as a coffee and tea house, was badly damaged by fire at 3 o'clock Tuesday morning. The loss is not definitely known, but is estimated at from \$5,000 to \$10,000.

Escanaba, Mich., Feb. 8. The National Copperage and Wood Ware Company plant was totally destroyed by fire this morning. The loss is estimated at \$250,000.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 8. A wild storm swept western Indiana and eastern Illinois early Thursday morning. Telephone and telegraph wires were seriously affected.

Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 8. Minneapolis is experiencing the severest storm of the winter. Shortly before midnight light snow began falling accompanied by a high wind and low temperature. Business is at a standstill and all trains are late.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 8. A cyclone is reported to have struck near Collinsville, Ill. Several houses are reported destroyed. Doctors have left Collinsville for the scene. Collinsville is on the Vandalla road, about four miles east of here.

Omaha, Feb. 8. The storm which began last night has assumed a more threatening character and is still raging.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 8. The story about Merchant Hathorn of New York starving himself into good health has attracted wide attention here. Philadelphians are acquainted with the no-food short-cut to health, and many have practiced it successfully.

Stella Kuenzel is a firm believer in the starvation cure. She has gone 45 days without food, and emerged from her long period of starvation feeling "like a new woman," as she expressed it. Leonard Thress, Bernhard Charles, Elizabeth Westing and August Heyn also have tried the starvation cure, and assert there is nothing like it to reduce flesh and restore one to the vigor of youth.

Portsmouth, N. H., Feb. 8. Chief Carpenter B. F. Markham, U. S. N., who has been stationed at the Portsmouth navy yard for the last two months, died at the naval hospital on Seavey's Island, Thursday.

Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 8. The steam Empress of China arrived Thursday from Yokohama with details of the murder of Rev. S. M. Brooke, in Shantung. An imperial decree dated Jan. 10, last, concerning the outrage and criticizing the officers for lack of administration, made the coolies believe the assassination would be acceptable to the authorities.

The China brings news of the death of the mother of the Japanese emperor, Nii-No-Tsuhone, Jan. 15.

News is also brought that Miller, the American, convicted of the murder of a Japanese woman in "Bloodtown," Yokohama, has been sentenced to 15 years in Hongkong in 1899 were 1,488 and the deaths, 1,428.

The American transport Morgan City which went ashore last summer in the inland sea of Japan, will probably be released, she can be taken from the water for \$5,000 yen and the cost of repairing her would amount to \$8,000 yen.

Piracy is more than ever a menace to commerce. The Japanese steam launch, while towing a passenger boat, was seized near Kunchuck. The pirates escaped although pursued by the British steamer Salkon.

The notorious pirate chief, Foo Chan Tai, with 2,000 men, has been captured by the British. There are a strong that the Manilla pirates dare not attack him.

The Kuo Won Po announces the granting of two additional railway concessions to the Belgian syndicate, one representing Belgium and the other a line from Kai Fong in Han Hsi Houan to Honan Fu, with right of ultimate extension to Sienan. This is the first railway running through the interior of China, which has been granted and forms a branch of the Lachuan line running parallel with the Yellow river and south of it.

Portland, Feb. 8. In the suit for slander brought by George E. Woodbury of Brunswick, Me., against John A. Caine of Kennebunk, Me., the jury stated in a public address that Mr. Woodbury sold lager beer at the Maine Central restaurant in Brunswick, the jury were out only a late hour Wednesday night Thursday morning.

The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff and assessed the damages at \$1. It was proved in the trial of the case that the beer sold by Mr. Woodbury was "too beer so-called, hence the statement of the defendant, could not be justified, but the jury thought that the actual damage to Mr. Woodbury, on account of Mr. Caine's statement was merely nominal.

Fall River, Mass., Feb. 8. The Harvards mill officers, after summoning to the district court Thursday morning on complaint of Factory Inspector Tierney charged with violation of the law restricting the employment of women and minors 58 hours per week. The mill has employed in its night force an operative who worked elsewhere during the day, though the complaint was not read in court. Lawyer Milton Rice asked for time in which to study the complaint and the case was postponed one week.

San Francisco, Feb. 8. The managers of the National Athletic club which according to advices from the east has secured the Jeffries-Corbett prize fight, state that they will not hold the fight at \$3,000 ticket. The price for holding the fight has not been decided upon but the price of admission will range from \$2 to \$10.

Bloomington, Ind., Feb. 8. Village hall, one of the modern university buildings, containing the chemical laboratory and other departments, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss \$50,000.

## BRAN AND MIXED FEED.

Mill Feeds Mixed With Ground Corn Cobs, Refuse From Broom Corn Factories, etc., Now Being Sold in Maine as Pure Feeds.

In a special newspaper bulletin issued Wednesday from the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station at Orono, Prof. Chas. D. Woods makes the following statement concerning adulterated bran and mixed feeds:

The refuse products from milling wheat and rye, when unadmixed with other substances, are exempt from the requirements of the feeding stuffs law, hence the station has not collected and analyzed samples of this class of mill feeds. From information derived from various sources and from the analysis of the few samples sent to us by correspondents, we believe the adulterated bran and mixed feeds are sold in Maine during the past six months.

These goods for the most part claim to be winter wheat, winter wheat mixed feed, etc. Such goods should carry about 12 per cent of protein; the samples examined carry from 9.6 per cent to 12 per cent. The adulterants are the refuse from broom corn factories, corn cobs and similar materials.

The jobbers handling these goods know that they are not pure feeds, but they are sold as such, and have been imposed upon goes without saying. Dealers who are not honest and who are not interested in the welfare of the farmer should be stopped. Some large houses outside of the State have sent circulars to the leading jobbers in this State calling their attention to these fraudulent feeds.

The adulterated mill feeds thus far have come from the South. One milling company in Henderson, Ky., claims to have sold over 600 tons of adulterated mixed feed in Maine this fall. These adulterated goods come under the provisions of the law regulating the sale of concentrated animal feeding stuffs and the station will endeavor to have this class of goods branded and guaranteed in accord with their actual composition. It is, however, better that the goods be not sold at all, and the co-operation of dealers and honest farmers is asked in order to drive these low grade goods out of the State.

Improperly drawn samples are valueless in the enforcement of the law. Samples taken in accordance with the directions to be obtained on application to the station will be analyzed promptly free of charge.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson.

Don't Scratch Along

It's a fact, sure and economical. Makes it feel early layers. Brings moulting-hairs round quickly.

If you can't get it send me one. Send five, \$1.00. Send ten, \$2.00. Send twenty, \$4.00. Sample of best quality paper free.

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